

CHEMICAL SAFETY CARD

CEM I PORTLAND CEMENT

 CAS #
 65997-15-1

 EINECS #
 266-043-4

 RTECS #
 VV8770000

 UFI #
 2200-U0CW-500E-QU85

 UN #



REACH REG. # 01-2119475613-35-0006

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TYPES OF HAZARD /EXPOSURE	ACUTE HAZARDS/SYMPTOMS	PREVENTION	FIRST AID/FIRE FIGHTING
FIRE	 The product itself does not burn. Non-combustible Solid. 	 Solid streams of water may be ineffective. 	 It is compatible with standard firefighting technique (e.g. use of water, carbon dioxide, dry powder, sand and chemical foam extinguishers).
EXPOSURE		STRICT HYGIENE!	
INHALATION	 Inhalation of dust generated during normal use of the material may cause respiratory irritation, coughing and sore throat. The body's response to such irritation can lead to advanced lung damage. 	 Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne. Use local or general exhaust ventilation to control exposures below applicable exposure limits. Use NIOSH/MSHA or NIOSH approved respirators in poorly ventilated areas, if an applicable exposure limit is exceeded, or when dust causes discomfort or irritation. 	 Take affected persons out into the fresh air. Seek medical help if coughing and other symptoms do not subside.
SKIN CONTACT	 Causes irritation and allergic skin reactions in contact with skin. It causes the skin to dry. Prolonged or repeated exposure to the material may cause severe skin irritation; In case of contact, it may cause redness, swelling, vesicle formation, exfoliation and thickening of the skin. Skin contact with wet cement should be minimized. 	 Handle with gloves. Recommended: suitable protective gloves, eg nitrile- butadiene rubber (NBR) gloves. Wear sturdy waterproof boots to avoid foot exposure. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash the product thoroughly after using it. Wash your hands before breaks and at the end of the working day. Wash your hands before eating or drinking anything. 	 Wash skin with cool water and pH-neutral soap or a mild detergent. Seek medical treatment in all cases of prolonged exposure to wet cement, cement mixtures, liquids from fresh cement products, or prolonged wet skin exposure to dry cement.
EYE CONTACT	 This material causes serious eye damage in case of eye contact. Chemical burns may occur after direct contact of the material with the eyes. Vapors or fumes can be extremely irritating. Exposure to airborne dust can cause immediate or delayed irritation or corrosive eye inflammation. 	 Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles where potentially exposed to cement splashes or dust. In extremely dusty and unpredictable environments, wear vented or indirectly vented goggles to prevent eye irritation or injury. Contact lenses should not be used when working with Portland cement or fresh cement products. 	 Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water. Continue flushing eye for at least 15 minutes, including under lids, to remove all particles. Call physician immediately.
INGESTION	 Ingestion into commercial/industrial environments is considered unlikely. The material may cause chemical burns in the oral cavity and gastrointestinal tract following ingestion. Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting. 	• Do not eat, drink, or smoke during work.	 Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, have the victim drink plenty of water and call a physician immediately. If symptoms persist, call a physician



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ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	PACKAGING & LABELING			
 Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin. Wear personal protective equipment. Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Do not let product enter drains. SAFE STORAGE Keep portland cement dry until used. Normal temperatures and pressures do not affect the material. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. 	 UN Classification UN Class: - UN Packaging Group: GHS Classification Hazard Pictogram; GHS05, GHS07 Signal Word; Danger Hazard Statement Causes skin irritation May cause an allergion skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respirator irritation. (Lung, bronchus, trachea) 	 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with Water for Several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. 		
	ΙΜΡΟΓ	RTANT DATA		
Physical state; Gray, Odorless Solid (Pow PHYSICAL DANGERS: • Avoid exposure to dust. CHEMICAL DANGERS: • No dangerous reaction known under c	/der), R Ir A	OUTES OF EXPOSURE halation, ingestion, skin and/or eye contact. NHALATION RISK: Ithough small quantities of dust are not known to be harmful, ill effects re possible if larger quantities are consumed.		
 use. Wet Portland cement is alkaline. As such it is incompatible with acids, a phosphorous. 	mmonium salts and	HORT TERM EXPOSURE EFFECTS: ritates to skin and respiratory tract. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Iay cause discomfort if swallowed.		
OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS: Long Term TWA (8 Hr): 10 mg/m ³ MAK (inhalable fraction): 5 mg/m ³	N	FFECTS OF LONG-TERM OR REPEATED EXPOSURE: Nay cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. epeated and long term exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.		
PHYSICAL PROPER	TIES	ENVIRONMENTAL DATA		
pH (in water): 11-14, Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1): 3.10-3.15, Bulk density (kg/m ³): 970-1030 Solubility in water; %: 0.1-1.0 Seed size, Micron; 3-100.	•	 Biological environment (biota) accumulation potential: Not applicable. Take the necessary precautions if the spread of the environment and should act in accordance with local regulations. Cement can harden within 2-3 hours if it is touch with water. So, this product should not be discharged into the water channels. 		
ΝΟΤΕΣ				
Tricalcium Silicate; CAS#12168-85-3, 3CaOSiO ₂ , % 30-70 ; Dicalcium Silicate; CAS#10034-77-2, 2CaOSiO ₂ , % 10-30 ; Aluminium Dicalcium Iron Pentaoxide; CAS#12068-35-8, 4CaOAl ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ , % 10-20 ; Dialuminium Tricalcium Hexaoxide; CAS# 12042-78-3, 3CaOAl ₂ O ₃ , %3-10 ; Magnesium Oxide; CAS#1309-48-4, MgO, % 0-4; Calcium Oxide; CAS#1305-78-8, CaO,% 0-3; Quartz; CAS#14808-60-7, SiO ₂ % < 1				

WARNING

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